## PDEs 10422884 – Homework 10

This homework does not need to be handed in.

1. Let h > 0. Solve the problem

$$u_t - u_{xx} + hu = 0, \ 0 < x < \pi, \ t > 0$$
$$u(0, t) = 0, \ u(\pi, t) = 1, \ t \ge 0$$
$$u(x, 0) = 0, \ 0 \le x \le \pi$$

Is the solution classical? (Recall from class what you need to check!)

2. Solve the problem

$$u_t - u_{xx} = 2t + (9t + 31)\sin(3x/2), \ 0 < x < \pi, \ t > 0$$
$$u(0,t) = t^2, \ u_x(\pi,t) = 1, \ t \ge 0$$
$$u(x,0) = x + 3\pi, \ 0 \le x \le \pi$$

Is the solution classical?

3. Let u(x,t) be a solution of the problem

$$u_t - u_{xx} = 0, Q_T = \{(x,t) \mid 0 < x < \pi, 0 < t \le T\}$$
  
$$u(0,t) = u(\pi,t) = 0, 0 \le t \le T$$
  
$$u(x,0) = \sin^2(x), 0 \le x \le \pi$$

Use the maximum principle to prove that  $0 \le u(x,t) \le e^{-t} \sin(x)$  in the rectangle  $Q_T$ .

4. Consider the equation

$$u_t - u_{xx} = 0, \ 0 < x < 1, t > 0$$
$$u(0, t) = u(1, t) = 0$$
$$u(x, 0) = 4x(1 - x)$$

- (a) Show that 0 < u(x,t) < 1 for all t > 0 and  $x \in (0,1)$ . (b) Show that u(x,t) = u(1-x,t) for all  $t \ge 0$  and  $0 \le x \le 1$ . (c) Use the energy method to show that  $\int_0^1 u^2 dx$  is a strictly decreasing function of t.
- 5. Show that the maximum principle is not true for the equation  $u_t = xu_{xx}$  with a variable coefficient. First verify that  $u(x,t) = -2xt x^2$  is a solution. Find the location of its maximum in the closed rectangle  $\{-x \le x \le 2, 0 \le t \le 1\}$ .