

## PDEs 10422884 – Homework 8

This homework must be handed in prior to the tutorial on June 22nd, 2017.

1. Consider the problem  $u_t = ku_{xx}$  for  $0 < x < l$ , with the boundary conditions  $u(0, t) = U$ ,  $u_x(l, t) = 0$ , and the initial condition  $u(x, 0) = 0$ , where  $U$  is a constant. Find the solution in series form. *Hint: consider  $u(x, t) - U$ .*
2. In class you learned that for a Sturm Liouville problem of the form  $(pv')' + qv + \lambda rv = 0$ , if  $q \leq 0$  and if  $pvu'|_a^b \leq 0$  for all  $u$  that satisfy the given boundary conditions, then all eigenvalues are nonnegative. Show for the equation  $X'' = -\lambda X$  that Dirichlet and Neumann problems have only nonnegative eigenvalues. Under what conditions does the Robin problem

$$\begin{aligned}X'(0) - a_0X(0) &= 0 \\X'(l) + a_lX(l) &= 0\end{aligned}$$

have only nonnegative eigenvalues?

3. For  $\phi(x) = x^2$  on  $0 \leq x \leq 1$ , calculate the coefficients in the expansion (Fourier sine series)

$$\phi(x) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} A_n \sin(n\pi x).$$

If you are not sure why the terms appearing in the sin are  $n\pi x$ , also solve the Dirichlet problem  $X'' = -\lambda X$ ,  $X(0) = X(1) = 0$ .

4. A rod has length  $l = 1$  and constant  $k = 1$ . Its temperature satisfies the heat equation. Its left end is held at temperature 0, its right end at temperature 1. Initially (at  $t = 0$ ) the temperature is given by

$$\phi(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{5x}{2} & \text{for } 0 < x < 2/3 \\ 3 - 2x & \text{for } 2/3 < x < 1 \end{cases}$$

Find the solution, including the coefficients. *Hint: first find the equilibrium solution  $U(x)$ , and then solve the heat equation with initial condition  $u(x, 0) = \phi(x) - U(x)$*